COURSE TITLE : LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

COURSE CODE : 4042
COURSE CATEGORY : B
PERIODS PER WEEK : 4
PERIODS PER SEMESTER : 56/4
CREDITS : 4

## TIME SCHEDULE

MODULE	TOPIC	PERIODS
1	Study of Operational Amplifiers.	14
2	Application of Operational Amplifier.	14
3	PLL and Timers.	14
4	IC Regulators and SMPS.	14
	TOTAL	56

## Course General Outcome:

Module	GO	On completion of the study of this course the students will be able:
1	1	To comprehend the working of operational amplifier.
2	2	To understand the applications of operational amplifier.
3	3	To comprehend the working of PLL.
	4	To understand the working of 555 timer.
4	5	To understand the working of various IC voltage regulators.
	6	To understand the working of SMPS.

GO - General Outcome

On the completion of the study the student will be able:

## **MODULE I STUDY OF OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS**

## 1.1.0 To understand the working of operational amplifier.

- 1.1.1 To explain the block diagram of general purpose operational amplifier.
- 1.1.2 To explain the working of differential amplifier basic circuit.
- 1.1.3 To discuss different package types and pin configuration of operational amplifier.
- 1.1.4 To identify different manufacturer's designations for linear ICs.

- 1.1.5 To explain the concept of virtual ground.
- 1.1.6 To define different electrical parameters of operational amplifier.
- 1.1.7 To list the characteristics of an ideal operational amplifier.
- 1.1.8 To explain the working of inverting amplifier.
- 1.1.9 To derive the expression for voltage gain of the inverting amplifier.
- 1.1.10 To explain the working of non-inverting amplifier.
- 1.1.11 To derive the expression for voltage gain of the non inverting amplifier.
- 1.1.12 To explain the working of voltage follower.

#### MODULE II APPLICATION OF OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

## 2.1.0 To understand the applications of operational amplifier.

- 2.1.1 To explain the working of summing amplifier, difference amplifier and addersubtractor circuit.
- 2.1.2 To explain the working of instrumentation amplifier.
- 2.1.3 To explain V to I and I to V converters.
- 2.1.4 To explain the working of comparators, zero crossing detector and Schmitt trigger circuits.
- 2.1.5 To explain the working of precision diode, half wave and full wave precision rectifiers.
- 2.1.6 To explain the working of peak detector.
- 2.1.7 To explain the working of Integrator and differentiator.
- 2.1.8 To explain the working of RC phase shift oscillator and Wein bridge oscillator circuits.
- 2.1.9 To explain the working of Astable multivibrator, Monostable multivibrator and Schmitt trigger.
- 2.1.10 To explain the working of Triangular wave generator circuit.
- 2.1.11 To explain first order active low pass and high pass Butterworth filters.

### MODULE III PLL AND TIMERS

#### 3.1.0 To comprehend the working of PLL.

- 3.1.1 To explain the general block diagram of PLL.
- 3.1.2 To define capture range lock-in range, and pull-in time of PLL.
- 3.1.3 To explain the block diagram of NE/ SE 566 Voltage Controlled Oscillator.
- 3.1.4 To list the important electrical characteristics of the 565 PLL.
- 3.1.5 To explain the functional block diagram of PLL NE/ SE 565.
- 3.1.6 To describe the applications of PLL as frequency multiplier and FM demodulator.

### 3.2.0 To understand the working of 555 timer.

- 3.2.1 To list the features of 555 timer.
- 3.2.2 To explain the functional block diagram of 555 timer.

- 3.2.3 To explain the working of a stable and monostable circuits using 555 timer.
- 3.2.4 To write the expression for time period of a stable and monostable circuits using 555.
- 3.2.5 To describe LM 380 audio power amplifier.

### **MODULE IV IC REGULATORS AND SMPS**

### 4.1.0 To understand the working of various IC voltage regulators.

- 4.1.1 To list the features of IC regulators.
- 4.1.2 To describe the operation of 3 terminal fixed voltage regulator IC's.
- 4.1.3 To explain typical circuits of LM 78XX and LM 79XX.
- 4.1.4 To explain the operation of adjustable voltage regulator LM 317.
- 4.1.5 To explain dual power supply using LM 320 and LM 340.
- 4.1.6 To list the important features of LM 723 voltage regulator.
- 4.1.7 To explain the functional block diagram of LM 723.
- 4.1.8 To explain the basic low voltage and high voltage regulator circuits using LM723.

## 4.2.0 To understand the working of SMPS.

- 4.2.1 To explain the block diagram of SMPS.
- 4.2.2 To list the advantages and disadvantages of SMPS.
- 4.2.3 To explain the working principle of opto-couplers.
- 4.2.4 To describe the opto-coupler IC 4N35.

## **CONTENT DETAILS**

### MODULE I Study of operational amplifiers

Block diagram of general purpose operational amplifier - differential amplifier - op-amp symbol - package types - pin configuration - manufacturer's identifying initials and designations for linear ICs - concept of virtual ground - electrical parameters of op-amp - characteristics of an ideal op-amp - inverting amplifier and non inverting amplifier - expression for voltage gain - voltage follower

### **MODULE II** Application of operational amplifier

Summing amplifier - difference amplifier - adder - subtractor - instrumentation amplifier - V to I and I to V converters - comparators - zero crossing detector - schmitt trigger - precision diode - half wave precision rectifier - full wave precision rectifier - peak detector - integrator - differentiator - RC phase shift oscillator - Wein bridge oscillator - astable multivibrator - monostable multivibrator - schmitt trigger - triangular wave generator - first order active low pass and high pass Butterworth filters

#### MODULE III PLL and Timers

General block diagram of PLL - capture range, lock range, and pull in time - block diagram of VCO NE / SE 566 - electrical characteristics of 565 PLL - functional block diagram of PLL NE / SE 565 - applications of PLL as frequency multiplier and FM demodulator - features of 555 timer - functional block diagram of 555 timer - astable and monostable circuits using 555 timer - expression for time period - LM 380 audio power amplifier

# **MODULE IV IC Regulators and SMPS**

Features of IC regulators - three terminal fixed voltage regulator IC's - typical circuits of LM 78XX and LM 79XX - adjustable voltage regulator LM 317 - dual power supply using LM 320 and LM 340 - features of LM 723 voltage regulator - functional block diagram of LM 723 - basic low voltage and high voltage regulator circuits using LM723 - block diagram of SMPS - advantages and disadvantages - opto-couplers - principle of operation - IC 4N35.

### **TEXT BOOK**

- 1. Linear Integrated Circuits 4<sup>th</sup> Edition D Roy Choudhury and Shail B Jain New Age International Publishers
- 2. Op-Amps and Linear Integrated Circuits 4<sup>th</sup> Edition Ramakant A Gayakwad PHI

## **REFERENCE**

- 1. Linear Integrated Circuits B Visvesvara Rao Pearson.
- 2. Integrated Circuits K R Botkar Khanna Publishers.